## A GLOSSARY OF

# OCEAN



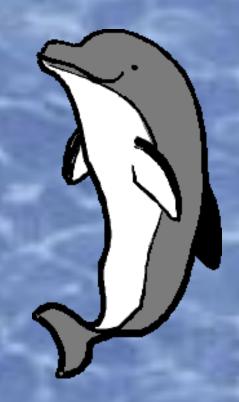
#### Dr. P. SANTHANAM

**Assistant Professor** 

Marine Planktonology & Aquaculture Lab.,
Department of Marine Science, School of Marine Sciences
Bharathidasan University, Tiruchirappalli-620 024, Tamil Nadu.

E-mail: santhanam@bdu.ac.in

Website: www.mpalbdu.weebly.com



### Mammal

A <u>mammal</u> is a warm blooded animal that breathes air.





A whale & dolphin are a mammal.

#### Fish

A **fish** is a water animal that breathes with gills.





We saw a fish at the aquarium.

## **Shellfish**

A **shellfish** is a water animal that has a shell for an outer covering.







A chank, mussel & shrimp are an example of a **shellfish**.

#### Bivalve Shell

A bivalve shell is a shell that has 2 parts.





A clam has a bivalve shell.

#### Univalve Shell

A univalve shell is a shell that has 1 part.







A snail has a univalve shell.

#### Ocean

An ocean is the largest body of water.



There are 4 oceans on the Earth.

#### Sea

A sea is a part of an ocean.





**Mediterranean Sea** 

The Indian Ocean has several seas.

## Bay

A **Bay** is a part of Sea.



### River

A <u>river</u> is a body of flowing water within 2 banks.





Cauvery River

#### Creek

A <u>creek</u> is a small body of flowing water that empties into a river.





We took trash out of the **<u>creek</u>** behind our University.

#### Lake

A <u>lake</u> is a large body of water surrounded by land on all sides.





**Puzhal Lake** 

### Mountain

A mountain is a very high, natural place on Earth.



## Valley

A <u>valley</u> is an area between mountains or hills.



#### Volcano



A <u>volcano</u> is a mountain with a vent. When it erupts lava, ashes, and hot gases come out.



There was smoke coming from the **volcano**.

#### Plateau

A <u>plateau</u> is high land with a mostly flat top. This is called a <u>guyot</u> when it is found in the ocean.



The Indians made their camp on the **plateau**.

### Plain

A **plain** is a large, flat area of land.



#### Ocean Floor

The **ocean floor** is the bottom of the ocean.





Many animals live on the ocean floor.

#### Island

An **island** is a piece of land **s** completely surrounded by water.

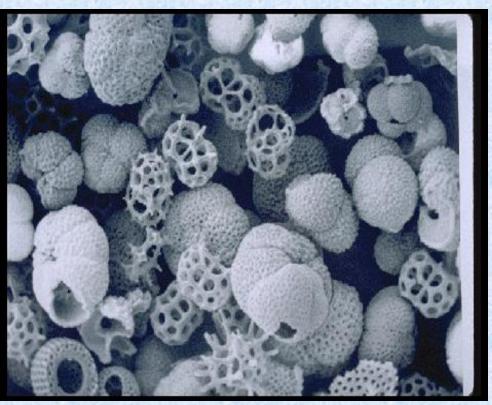




Hawaii is an island in the Pacific Ocean.

#### Ooze

**Ooze** is a covering of dead animals and plants on the ocean floor.





The octopus hid in the ooze.

#### Tidal Pools

A **tidal pool** is formed in the shallow places of the beach after the tide has gone down.





Tidal pools are filled with ocean life.

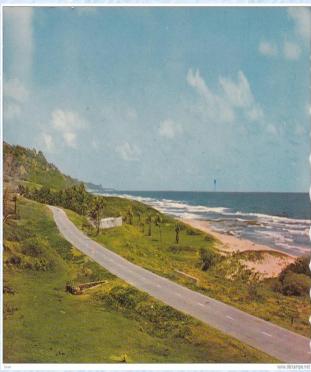
### Shore Beach Coast



All of these words describe the area where land meets the ocean.







We walked along the **shore** and watched the waves.

#### Coral Reef

A **coral reef** is a collection of living organisms in the ocean.



The **coral reef** near Australia is the largest in the world.

## Mangroves

A **mangrove** is a salt tolerant tress and shrubs in the intertidal region.



The <u>mangrove</u> in Sunderban is the largest in the world.

### Estuaries

Where the river meet the sea.



The **Vellar estuary** in Parangipettai is the well known in Tamil Nadu.

## Lagoon

Enclosed salt water body.

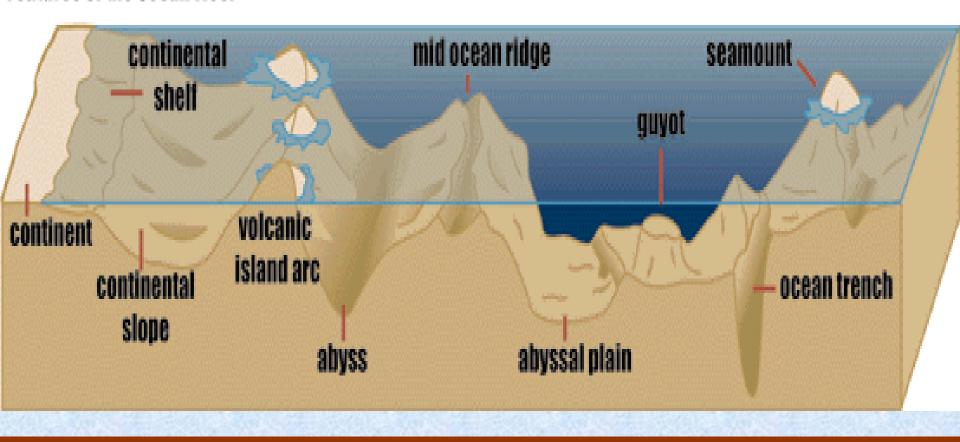


The **Chilka lagoon** in Orissa is the largest in India.

## **Continental Shelf Continental Slope**

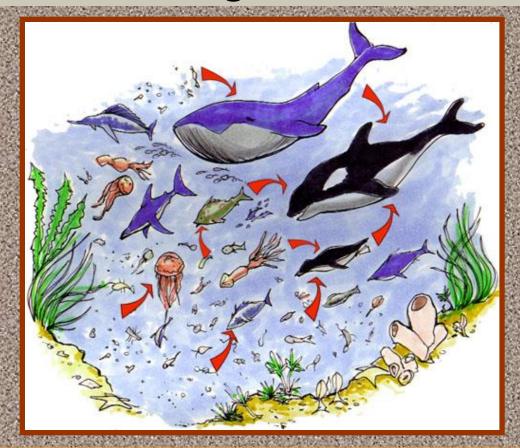
The <u>continental shelf</u> slopes gradually from the shore into the ocean. The <u>continental slope</u> drops suddenly at the end of the shelf.

#### Features of the Ocean Floor



#### Food Chain

A **food chain** is a natural cycle where creatures rely on other organisms for food.



A **food chain** makes it possible for animals to survive.

### Harbor

A <u>harbor</u> is a place in the water where boats can dock or anchor.



We went to the **harbor** to meet the boat.

#### Plankton

<u>Plankton</u> is small, microscopic plants and animals in the ocean.



**Plankton** is the first part of a food chain for many animals.

## Aquarium

An <u>aquarium</u> is a building people can visit to see marine animals.



My class saw a dolphin at the **aquarium**.



**Kelp** is a type of seaweed that is usually brown.



Some fish hide from their predators in kelp forests.

#### Seaweed

**Seaweeds** are non-flowering plants in the ocean.



There are many different kinds of seaweed in the ocean.

#### Seagrass

Seagrasses are a type of submerged aquatic flowering plants.



There are many different kinds of **seagrass** in the ocean.

#### Salt marsh

A **salt marsh** is an halophytic (salt-tolerant) plants such as herbs, grasses or low shrubs found in the upper coastal intertidal zone between land and salty or brackishwater.

There are many different kinds of **salt marshes** in the intertidal region.

## Oceanographer



I would like to be an oceanographer.

#### Physical Oceanographer

A **physical** <u>oceanographer</u> is a scientist who studies the physics of the ocean.



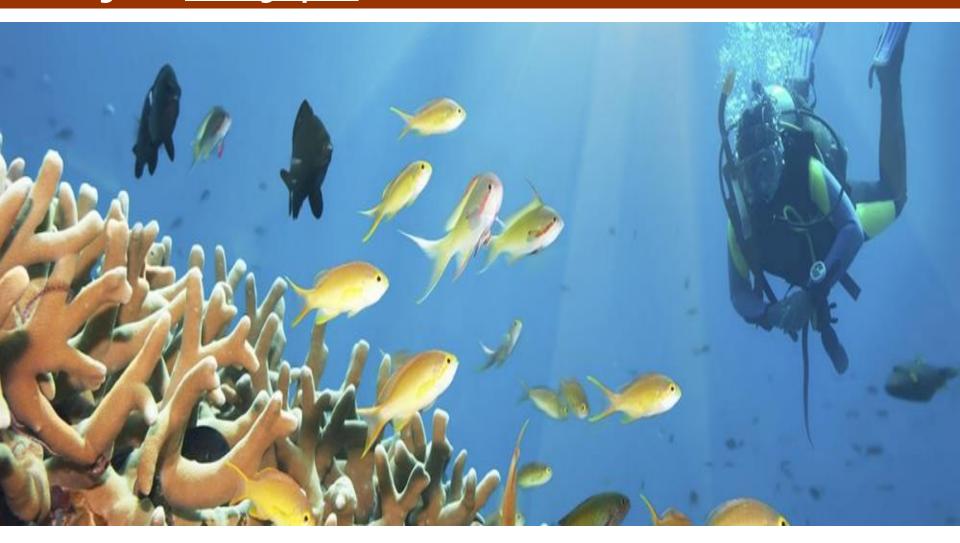
#### Chemical Oceanographer

A **chemical** <u>oceanographer</u> is a scientist who studies the chemistry of the ocean.



#### Biological Oceanographer

A Biological Oceanographer is a scientist who studies the life of the ocean.



I would like to be a **Biological** oceanographer.